Predicting the Markets: Chapter 10 Charts: Predicting Bonds

Yardeni Research, Inc.

March 8, 2024

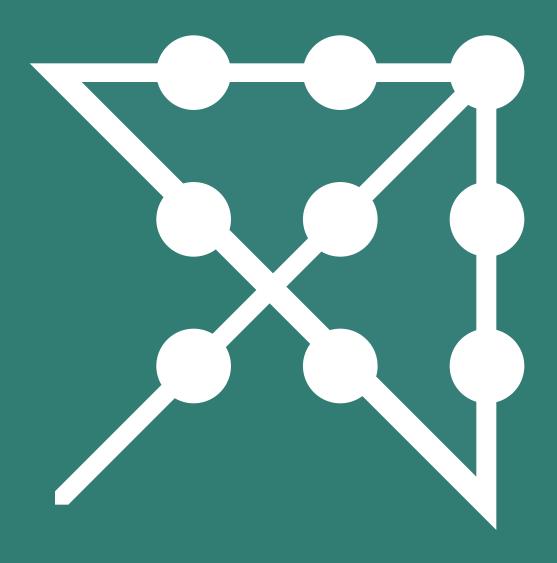
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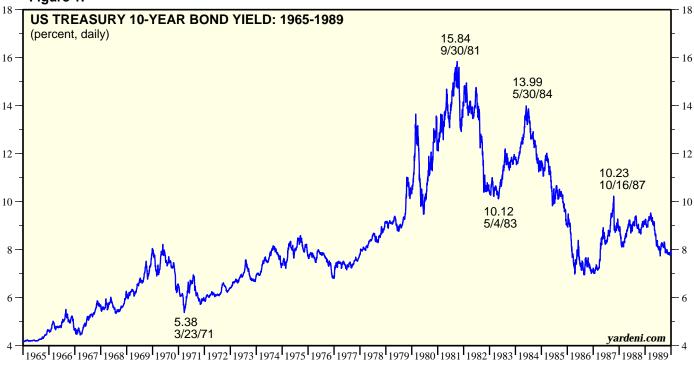


thinking outside the box

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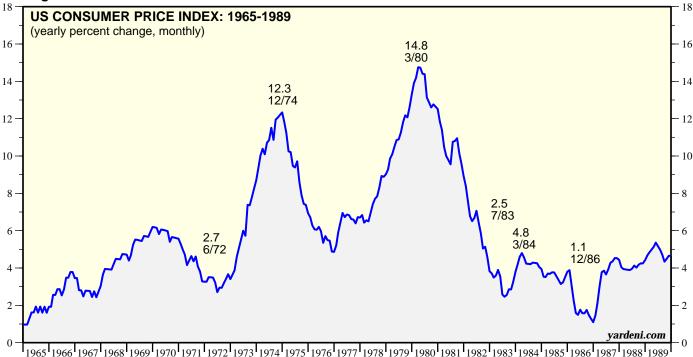
Predicting Bonds 1-27

Figure 1.



Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Figure 2.



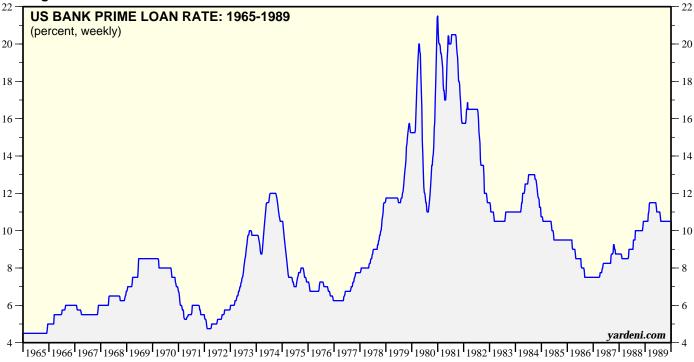
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.





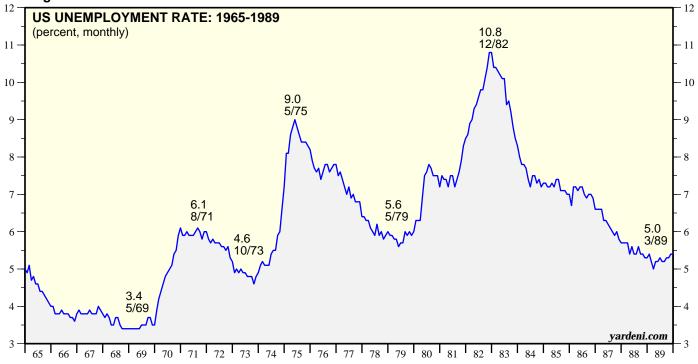
Source: Federal Reserve Board.



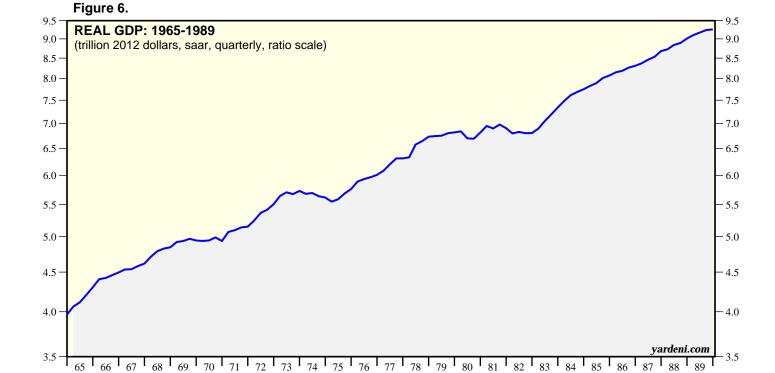


Source: Federal Reserve Board.

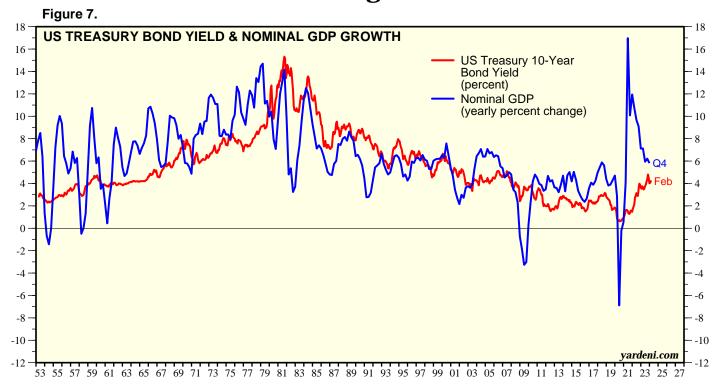




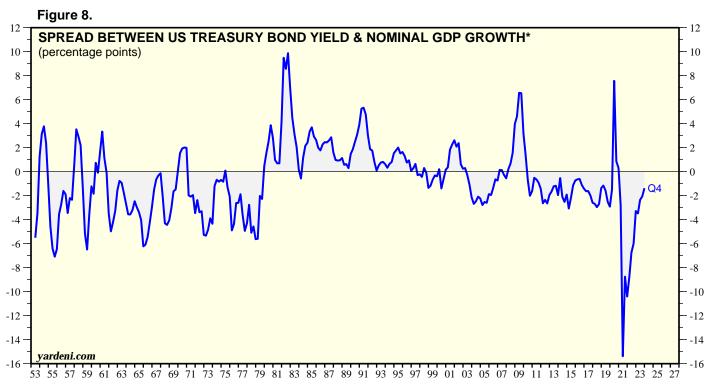
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.



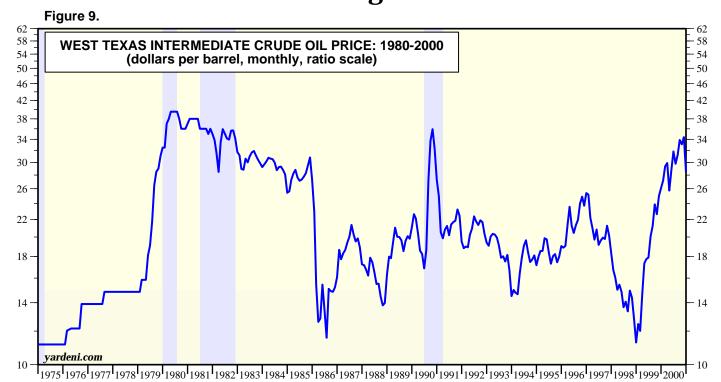
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.



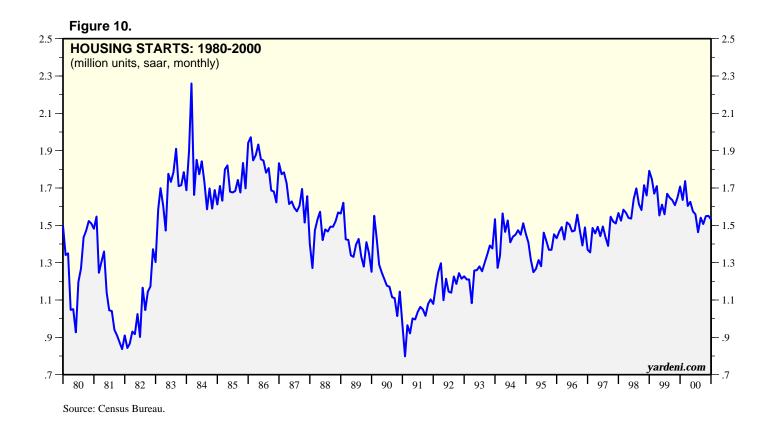
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and Federal Reserve Board.

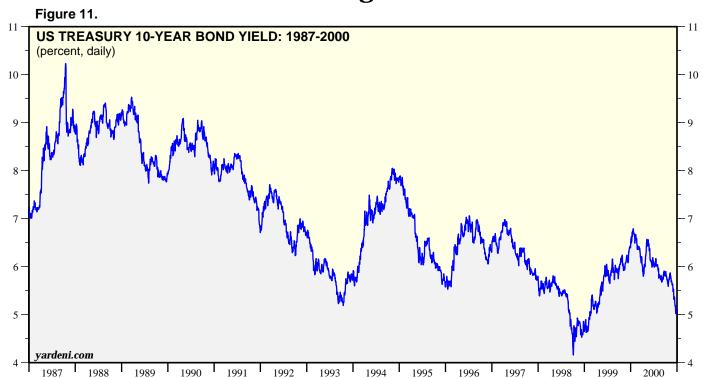


^{*} US Treasury 10-year bond yield minus yearly percent change in nominal GDP. Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and Federal Reserve Board.



Note: Shaded areas denote recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Haver Analytics.





Source: Federal Reserve Board.

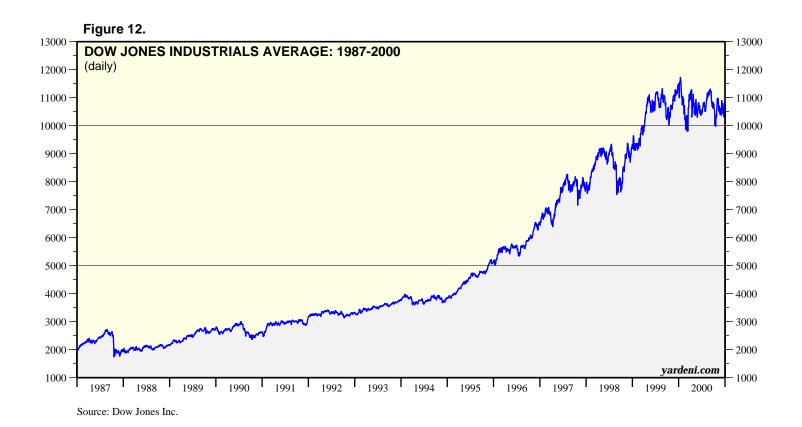


Figure 13.

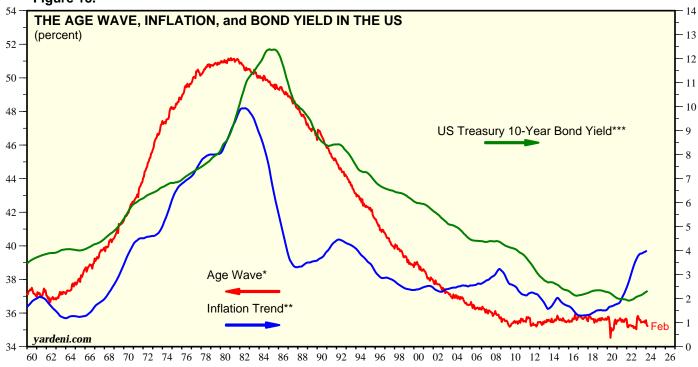
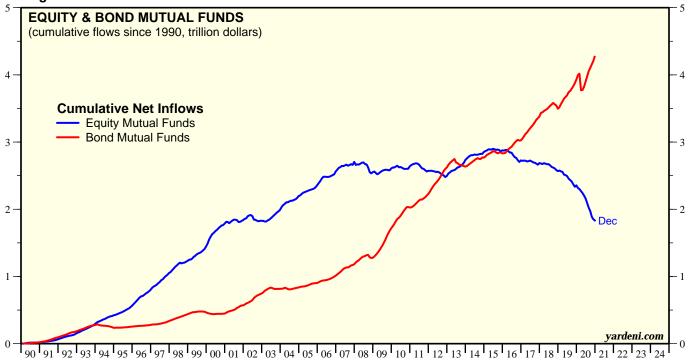
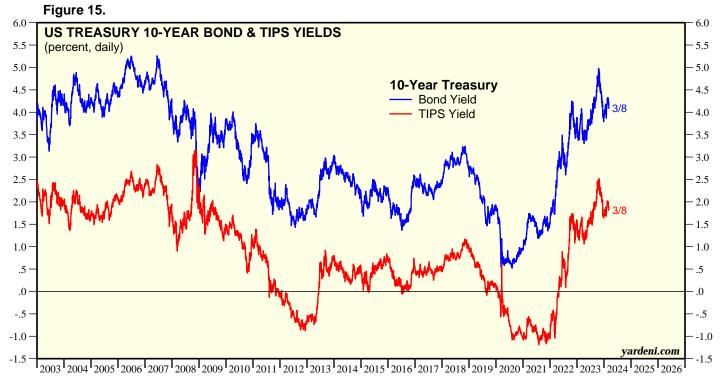


Figure 14.

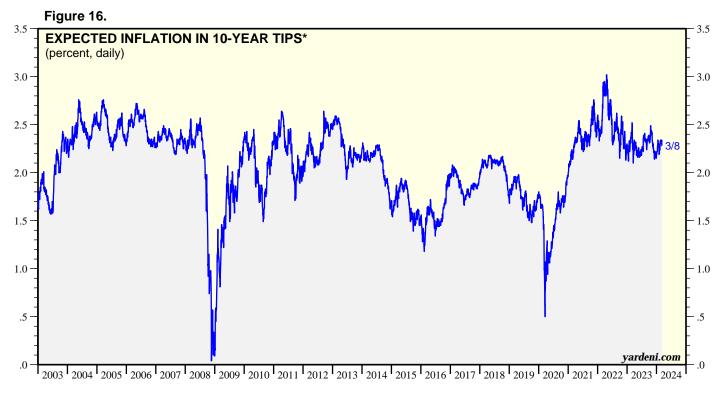


Source: Investment Company Institute.

Percent of labor force 16-34 years old. Five-year moving average of yearly percent change in CPI. Five-year moving average of ten-year government bond yield. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics and Federal Reserve Board.

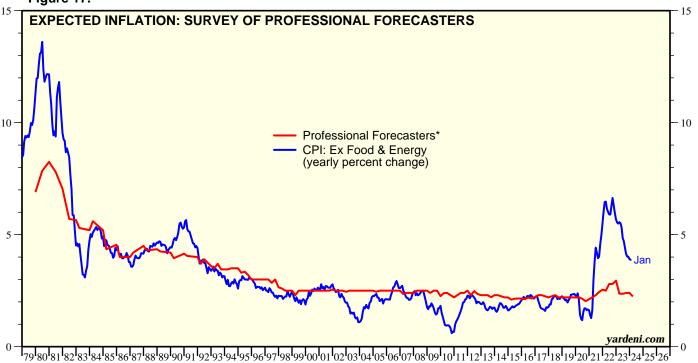


Source: Federal Reserve Board.

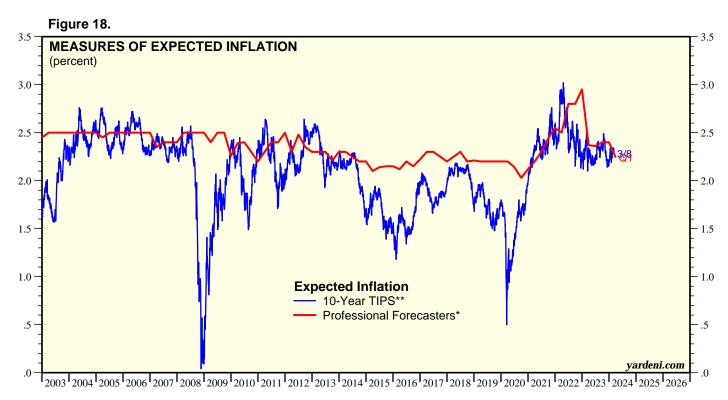


* Nominal minus TIPS yield. Source: Federal Reserve Board.



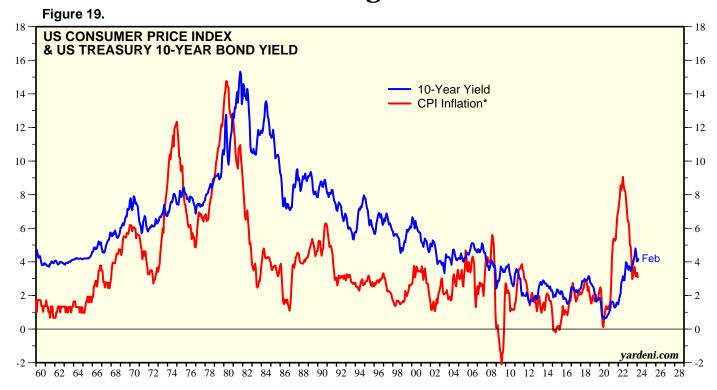


Median forecast of year-over-year CPI inflation rate over the next 10 years using Philadelphia Fed Survey of Professional Forecasters data. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics and Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.

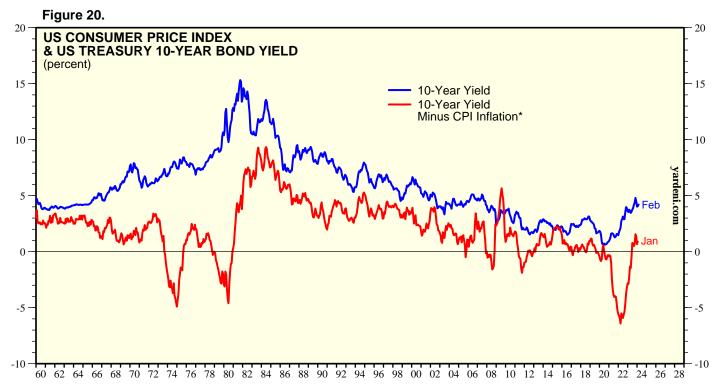


Median forecast of year-over-year CPI inflation rate over the next 10 years using Philadelphia Fed Survey of Professional Forecasters data. Nominal US Treasury 10-year minus 10-year TIPS yields.

Source: Federal Reserve Board and Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.

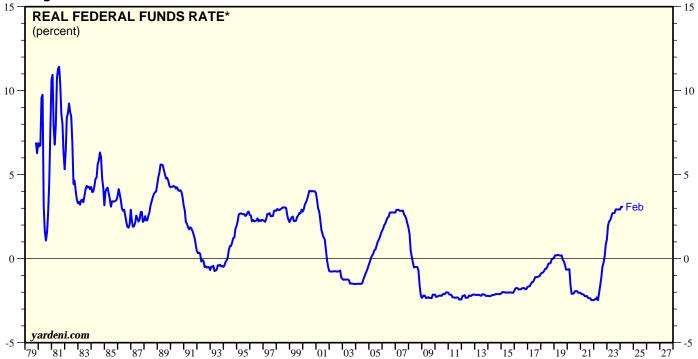


* Yearly percent change. Source: Federal Reserve Board and Bureau of Labor Statistics.



* Yearly percent change. Source: Federal Reserve Board and Bureau of Labor Statistics.





* Federal funds rate minus median forecast of year-over-year CPI inflation rate over the next 10 years using Philadelphia Fed Survey of Professional Forecasters data (monthly series interpolated from quarterly data starting as two quarters per year during Q4-1979 until Q4-1991 when the data continue with four quarters a year).

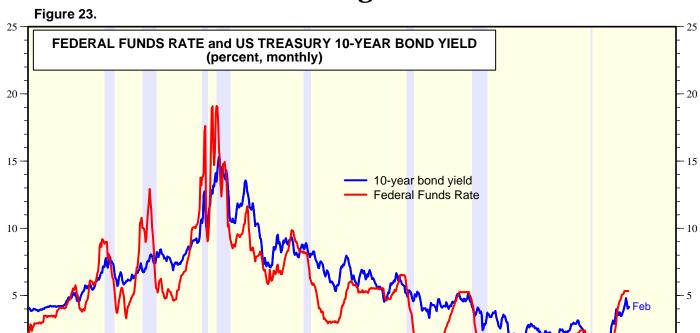
Source: Federal Reserve Board, US Treasury, and Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.





^{*} US Treasury 10-year bond yield minus median forecast of year-over-year CPI inflation rate over the next 10 years using Philadelphia Fed Survey of Professional Forecasters data (monthly series interpolated from quarterly data starting as two quarters per year during Q4-1979 until Q4-1991 when the data continue with four quarters a year).

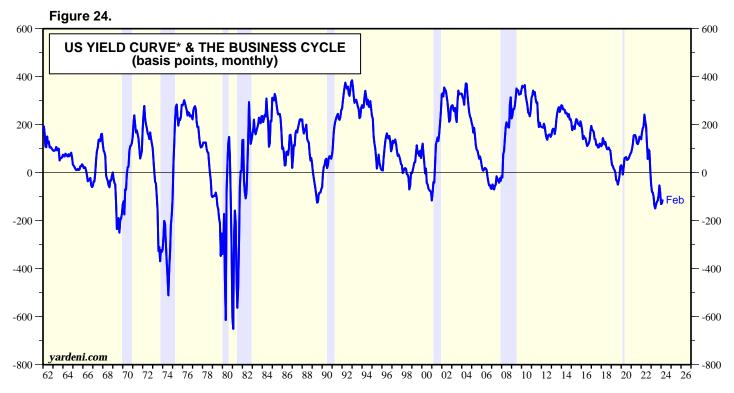
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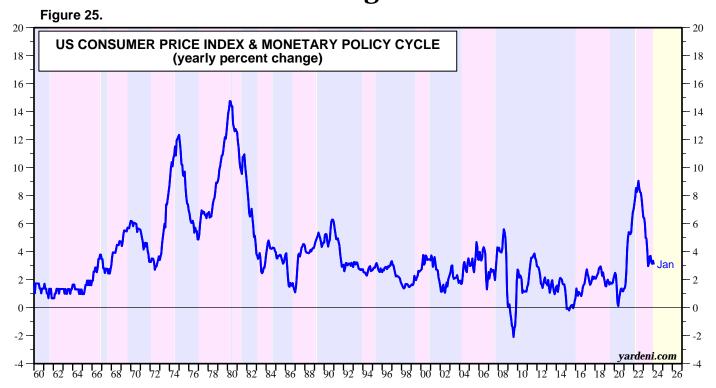
78 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94 96 98 00 02 04 06 08 10

Note: Shaded areas are recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Federal Reserve Board.

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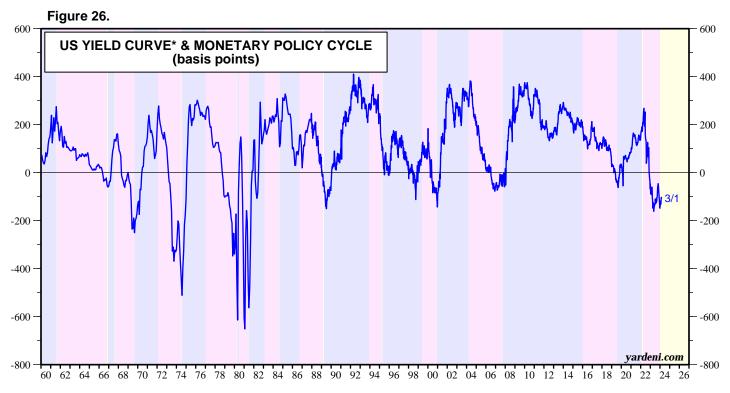


^{* 10-}year US Treasury bond yield minus federal funds rate. Note: Shaded areas are recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Federal Reserve Board.



Note: Blue shaded areas are periods of monetary easing between cyclical peaks and troughs in the federal funds rate. Red shaded areas denote monetary tightening periods.

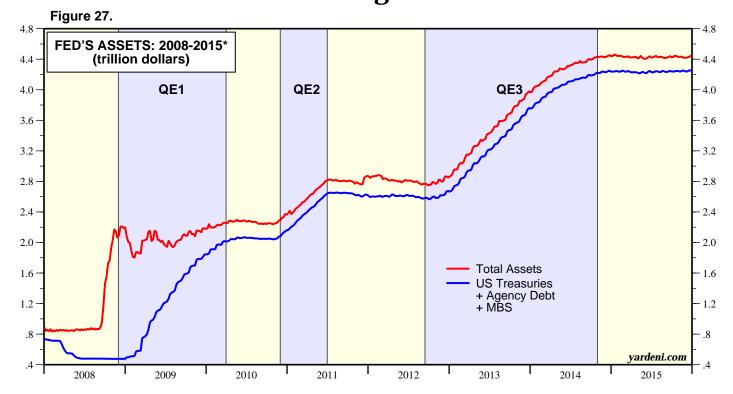
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.



^{*} US Treasury 10-year bond yield less federal funds rate. Monthly through 1987, then weekly.

Note: Blue shaded areas are periods of monetary easing between cyclical peaks and troughs in the federal funds rate. Red shaded areas denote monetary tightening periods.

Source: Federal Reserve Board.



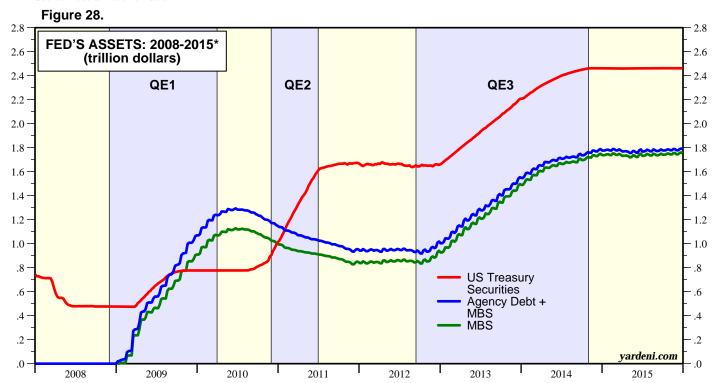
* Average of daily figures for weeks ending Wednesday.

Note: QE1 (11/25/08) = Fed starts buying \$1.24tn in mortgage securities. QE1 expanded (3/16/2009) = Fed starts buying \$300bn in Treasuries.

QE2 (11/3/10) = Fed starts buying \$600bn in Treasuries. QE3 (9/13/12) = Fed starts buying \$40bn/month in mortgage securities (open ended).

QE3 expanded (12/12/12) = Fed starts buying \$45bn/month in Treasuries.

Source: Federal Reserve Board.



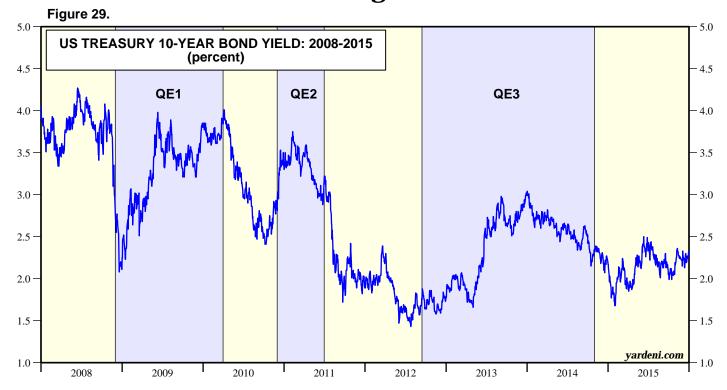
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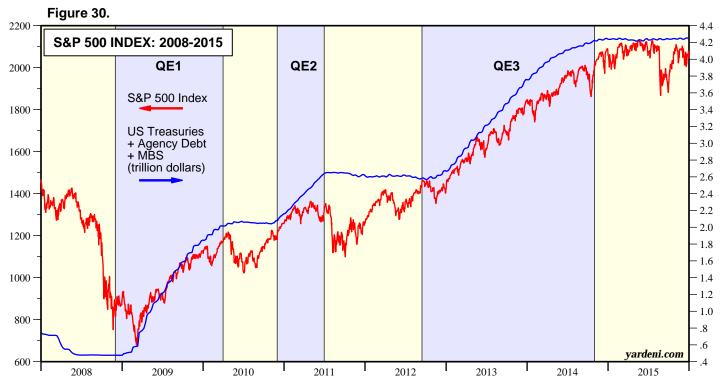
QE2 (11/3/10) = Fed starts buying \$600bn in Treasuries. QE3 (9/13/12) = Fed starts buying \$40bn/month in mortgage securities (open ended).

QE3 expanded (12/12/12) = Fed starts buying \$45bn/month in Treasuries.

Source: Federal Reserve Board.

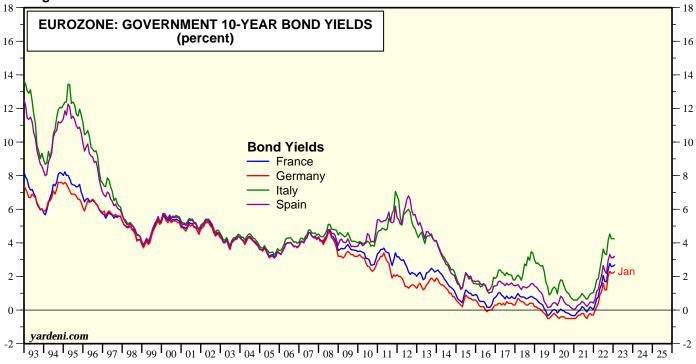


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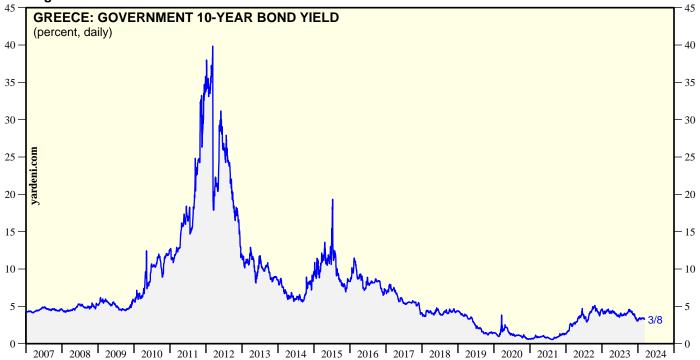
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Figure 31.



Note: D (7/26/12) = ECB President Mario Draghi pledged to do "whatever it takes" to defend the euro. NIRP (6/5/2014) = negative interest-rate policy. QE (1/22/15) = quantitative easing. QEE (3/10/16) = expansion and extension of QE with corporate bond purchases started 6/1/16. QT (12/31/2018). Source: Financial Times.

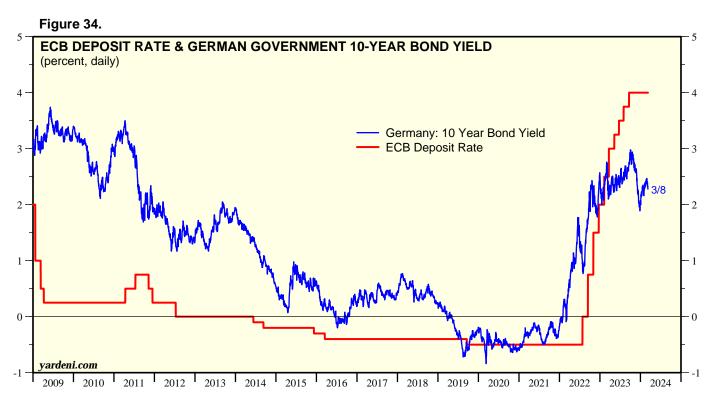
Figure 32.



Source: Financial Times.

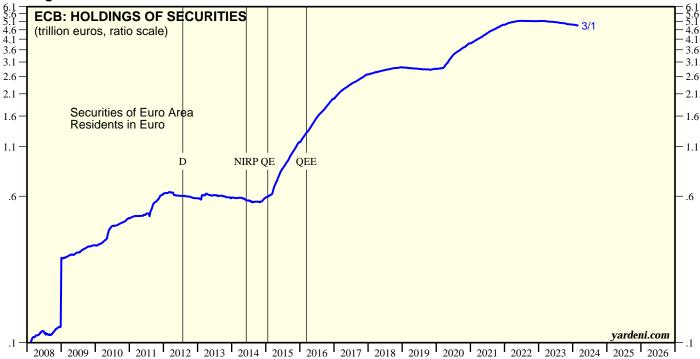
Figure 33. 9.0 9.0 **EUROZONE: GOVERNMENT 10-YEAR BOND YIELDS** 8.5 8.5 (percent, daily) - 8.0 8.0 7.5 - 7.5 7.0 - 7.0 6.5 6.5 6.0 - 6.0 5.5 - 5.5 - 5.0 5.0 - 4.5 4.5 4.0 IRP QE QEE - 4.0 - 3.5 3.5 3.0 3.0 2.5 - 2.5 2.0 2.0 **Bond Yields** 1.5 France - 1.5 Germany - 1.0 1.0 Italy .5 .5 Spain .0 0. -.5 -.5 -1.0 1 2009 1 2010 1 2011 1 2012 1 2013 1 2014 1 2015 1 2016 2017 I ₂₀₁₈ I ₂₀₁₉ 1 2020

Note: D (7/26/12) = ECB President Mario Draghi pledged to do "whatever it takes" to defend the euro. NIRP (6/5/2014) = negative interest-rate policy. QE (1/22/15) = quantitative easing. QEE (3/10/16) = expansion and extension of QE with corporate bond purchases started 6/1/16. Source: Financial Times.



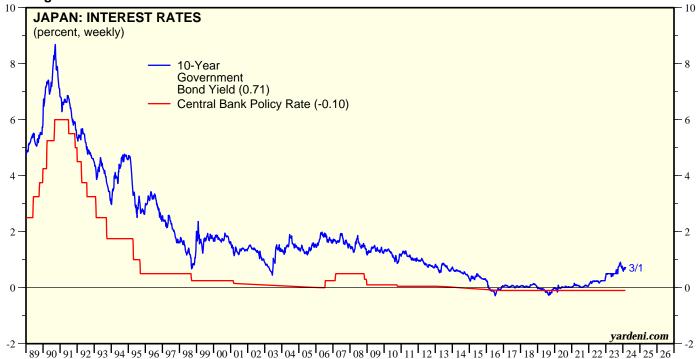
Source: European Central Bank and Haver Analytics.

Figure 35.



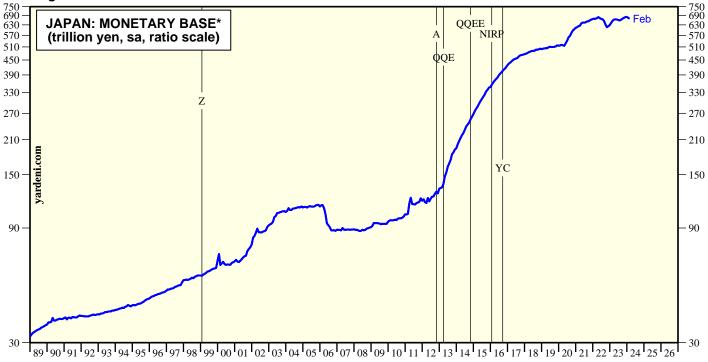
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Figure 36.



Source: Bank of Japan.





Adjusted for change in reserve requirements. Note: Z = Zero Interest Rate Policy. A = Markets start to anticipate Abenomics. QQE (4/4/13) = Quantitative and Qualitative Easing. QQEE (10/31/14) = QQE expanded and extended version. NIRP (1/29/16) = Negative interest rate policy. YC (9/21/16) = Yield curve targeting. Source: Bank of Japan.

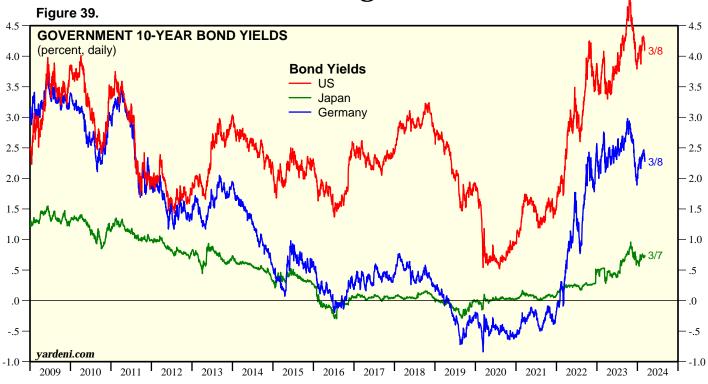


— 200-day moving average

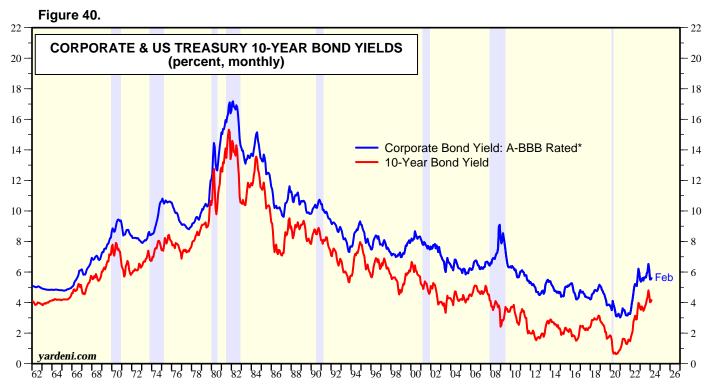
Note: A = Markets start to anticipate Abenomics. QQE is Quantitative and Qualitative Easing. QQEE is the expanded and extended version of QQE.

NIRP = negative interest rates. YC = Yield curve targeting.

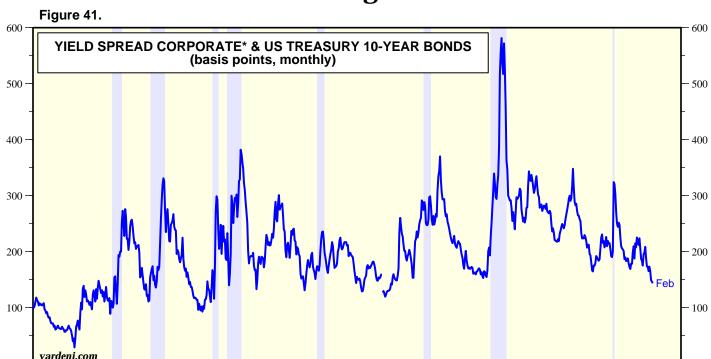
Source: Haver Analytics.



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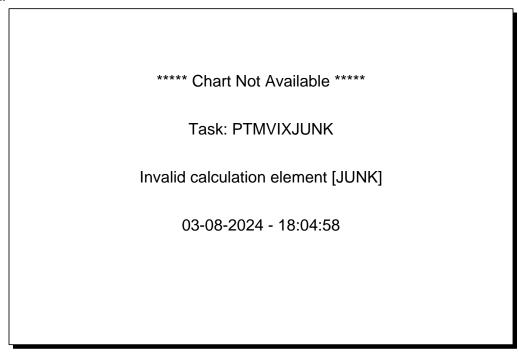


^{*} Moody's seasoned Baa corporate bond yield from 1962 to 1996, then Bank of America Merrill Lynch A-BBB corporate bond yield. Note: Shaded areas are recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Federal Reserve Board.



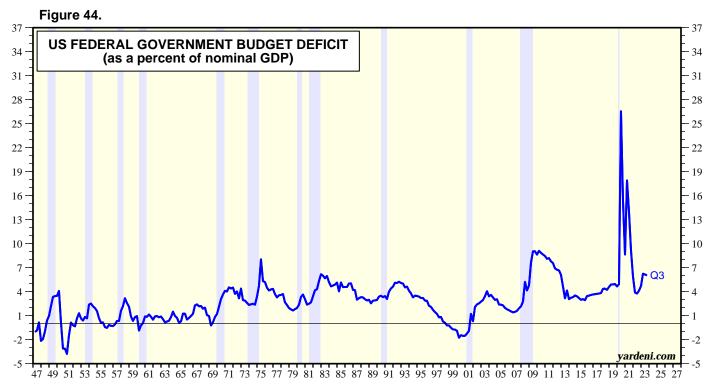
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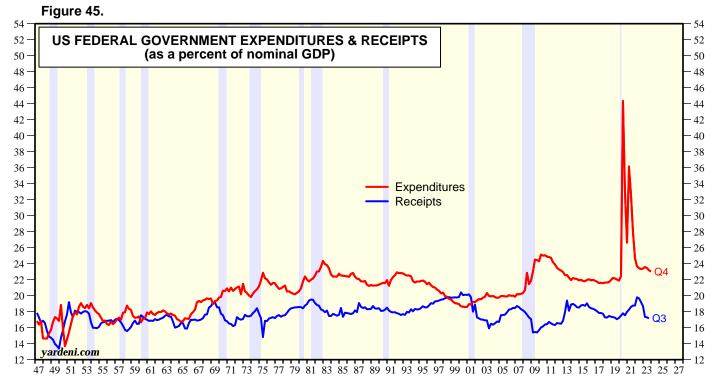




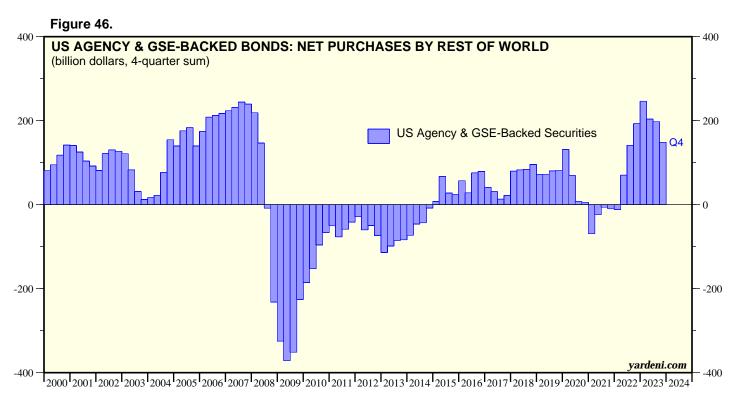
^{*} High yield corporate less US Treasury 10-year bond yield. Note: Shaded areas are recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Merrill Lynch, Federal Reserve Board, and Foundation of International Business & Economic Research (FIBER).



Note: Shaded areas are recessions according to the National Bureau of Economic Research. Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.

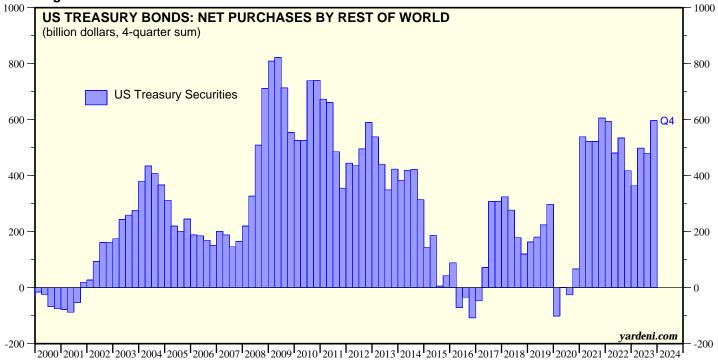


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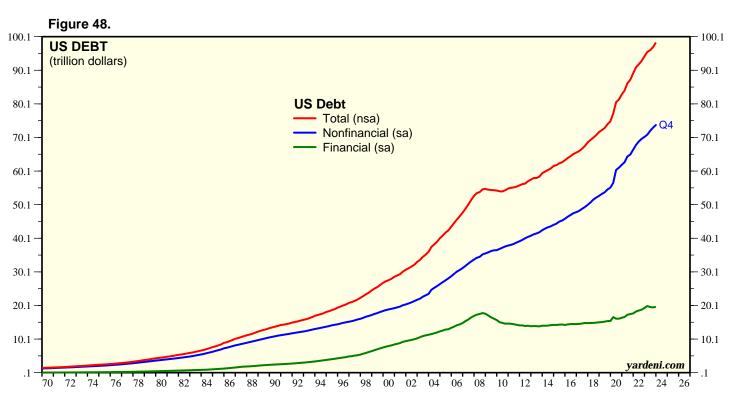


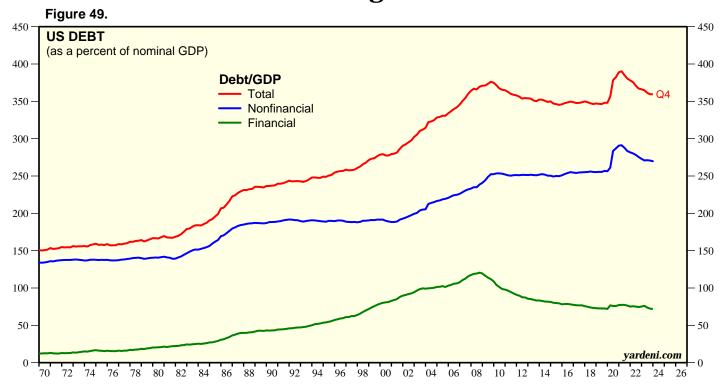
Source: Federal Reserve Board Financial Accounts of the United States.



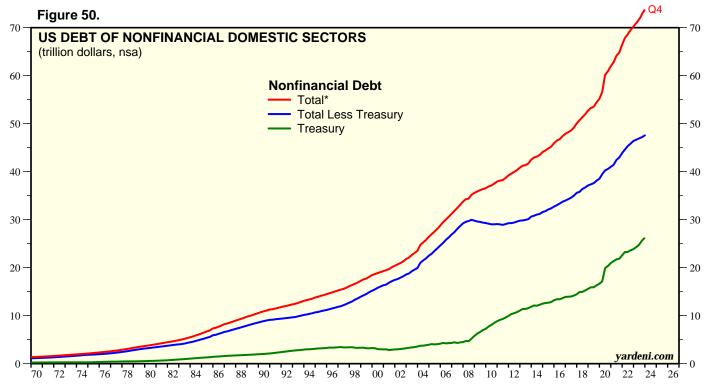


Source: Federal Reserve Board Financial Accounts of the United States.

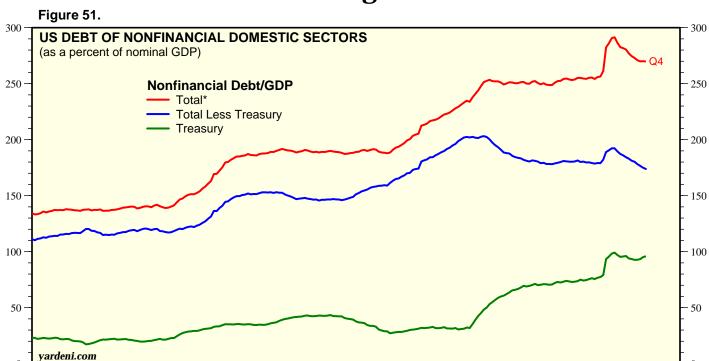




Source: Federal Reserve Board Financial Accounts of the United States.



* Includes mortgage, consumer, business, and US Treasury debt. Source: Federal Reserve Board Financial Accounts of the United States.

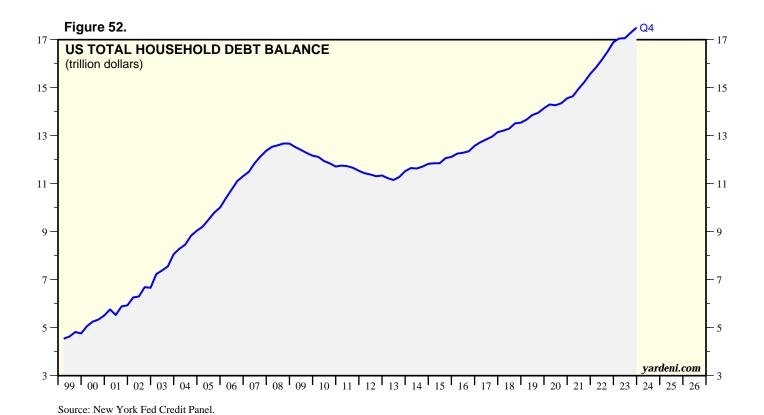


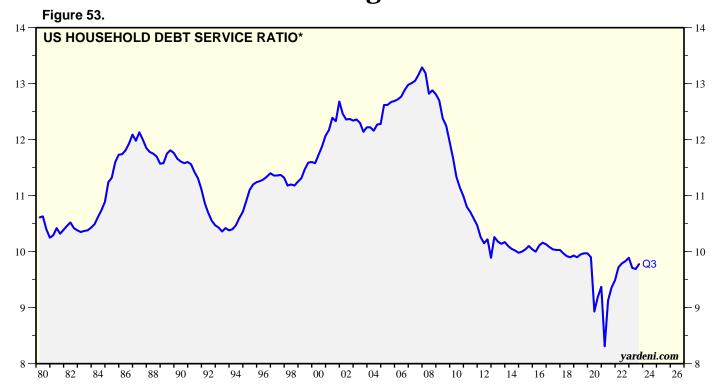
94 96

92

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^{*} Includes mortgage, consumer, business, and government debt. Source: Federal Reserve Board Financial Accounts of the United States.





^{*} Ratio of debt service payments to disposable personal income. Source: Federal Reserve Board.

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